

NAME SOLUTIONS ID Number _____

INSTRUCTIONS: Answer the following questions in the spaces provided below.

[12] TOTAL

- [2] 1. Consider the equation $Ax = b$, where $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 2 & 4 & 3 \\ 3 & 5 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$ and $b = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$. CRAMER'S RULE

If $\det(A) = -3$, what is the value of x_3 ?

$$x_3 = \frac{1}{-3} \det \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 4 & 0 \\ 3 & 5 & 2 \end{bmatrix} = -\frac{1}{3} (1)(4)(2) = -\frac{8}{3}$$

- [2] 2. Let $A = \begin{bmatrix} a & 3 & 2 \\ b & c & d \\ e & 4 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$. Suppose that $\det(A) = -5$.

What is the entry in row 1, column 2, of A^{-1} ?

ADJOINT FORMULA

$$(A^{-1})_{12} = \frac{1}{\det A} (-1)^{2+1} M_{21} = \frac{1}{-5} (-1) \det \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 2 \\ 4 & 3 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{5} (9-8) = \frac{1}{5}.$$

- [8] 3. Consider the vectors $u = (1, 0, -2, 2)$, $v = (2, 2, 1, 4)$, and $w = (2, -2, 1, 0)$.

Find:

- (a) $\|w\|$.

$$\|w\| = \sqrt{2^2 + (-2)^2 + 1^2 + 0^2} = \sqrt{9} = 3$$

- (b) A unit vector in the direction of w .

divide by the norm of w .

$$\frac{1}{3} (2, -2, 1, 0) = \left(\frac{2}{3}, -\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, 0 \right)$$

- (c) $d(u, v - w)$.

$$\begin{aligned} &= \|u - (v - w)\| \\ &= \|(1, 0, -2, -2)\| = \sqrt{1^2 + 0 + 4 + 4} \\ &= \sqrt{9} = 3. \end{aligned}$$

- (d) $w \cdot v$.

$$\begin{aligned} &= (2, -2, 1, 0) \cdot (2, 2, 1, 4) \\ &= 4 - 4 + 1 + 0 = 1. \end{aligned}$$