

MATH 2080 F18 Assignment 4

Due Date: Monday December 3rd, in lecture

Important:

- Just working on the problem sets is insufficient. You should be doing plenty of exercises from the book and lecture on your own.
- The questions are taken from the fourth edition of Bartle and Sherbert, and the numbering has changed. If you have an earlier edition, please consult with me or with a classmate to make sure that you have the right question. *If you do the wrong question you will not receive credit.*

1. (a) Find a condition on $|x - 3|$ which guarantees that $|x^3 - 27| < 1/100$. Clearly state and prove your claim.
(b) Find a condition on $|x - 3|$ which guarantees that $|x^3 - 27| < \epsilon$. Clearly state and prove your claim.
2. (a) Show that if $|x - 3| < 1/2$ then $|x - 10| < 15/2$ and $|x - 2| > 1/2$.
(b) Let

$$f(x) = \frac{x^2 + 4}{x - 2}$$

with domain $\mathbb{R} \setminus \{2\}$. Prove that

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{x^2 + 4}{x - 2} = 13$$

directly from the definition of limit. Do NOT use any limit theorems.

3. Use a sequential argument to show that the following limits do not exist.

(a)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \sqrt{5}} \frac{1}{x^2 - 5}.$$

(b)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \cos(1/x^2).$$

4. Section 4.2, Question 11 (d). Give a proof that the limit is zero.

5. Use the algebraic limit theorems to show that

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x^2 + 3x + 1}{x^2 + 2x} = \frac{11}{8}.$$