## Definition (page 110 of text)

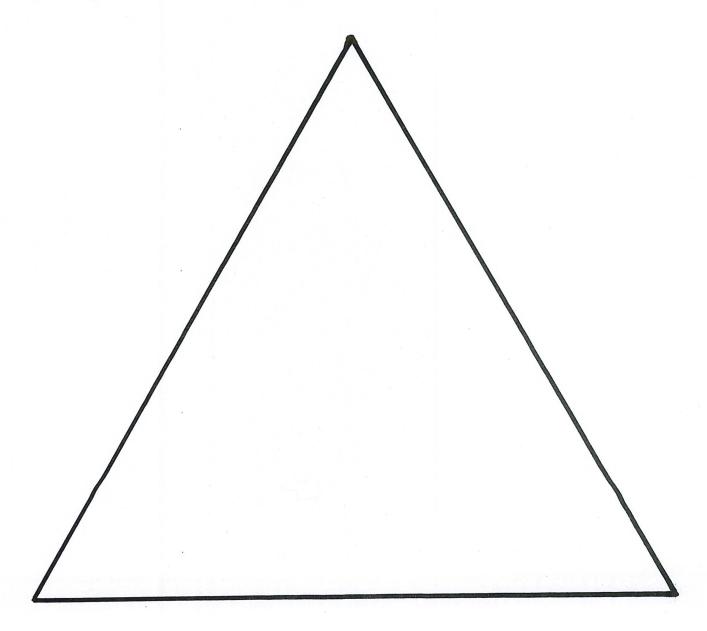
A **fractal** is an object *O* that possesses the property of *proper* self-similarity.

• This means that there is a part of O, say  $A_1$ , which is

• That is, there is a similarity that sends a part  $A_1$  of O onto a proper part  $A_2$  of  $A_1$ .

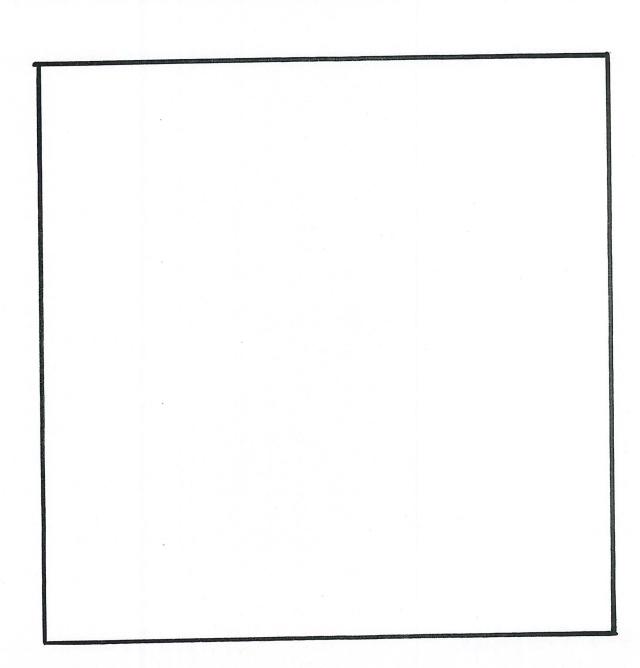
Note: The similarity cannot be a

# Example: Sierpinski Triangle



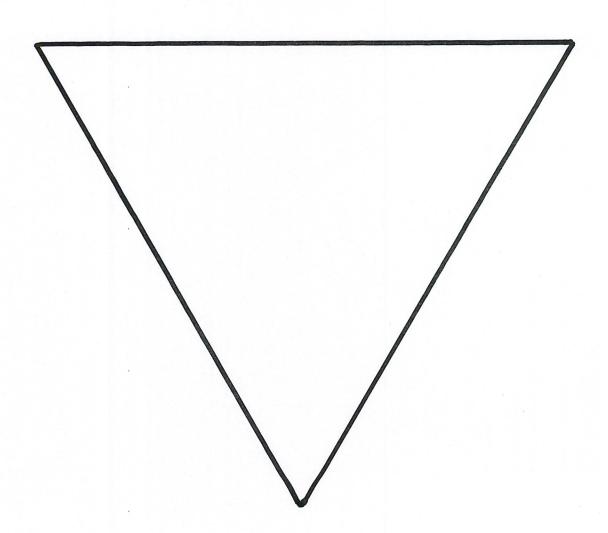
Fractals

# Example



#### Fractal Tree

## Koch Snowflake



# Definitions (page 124 of text)

• A set of points in the plane is **bounded** if

• A set of points in the plane is **unbounded** if the set if not bounded.

### Juliet Sets – Definitions (page 125 of text)

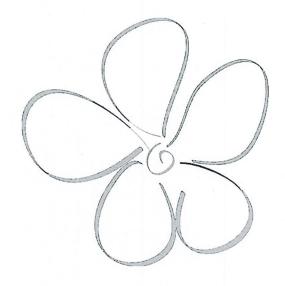
Let f be a transformation of the points in the plane.

- The **prisoner set** (or **filled Julia set**) is the set of points A where  $\{A, f(A), f(f(A)), \ldots\}$  is
- The **escape set** is the set of points A where  $\{A, f(A), f(f(A)), \ldots\}$  is
- The Juliet set is the boundary between the prisoner set and the escape set.

Escape Time Fractals

#### Resource

http://server.math.umanitoba.ca/~sasho/CurentCourses/1020/Files/Lectures\_2017/Lecture\_07.html



QUESTIONS???