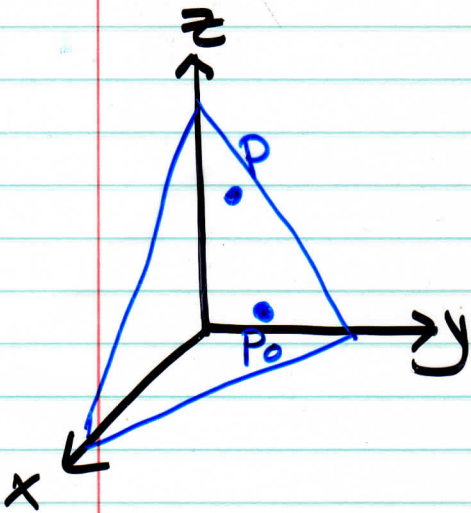
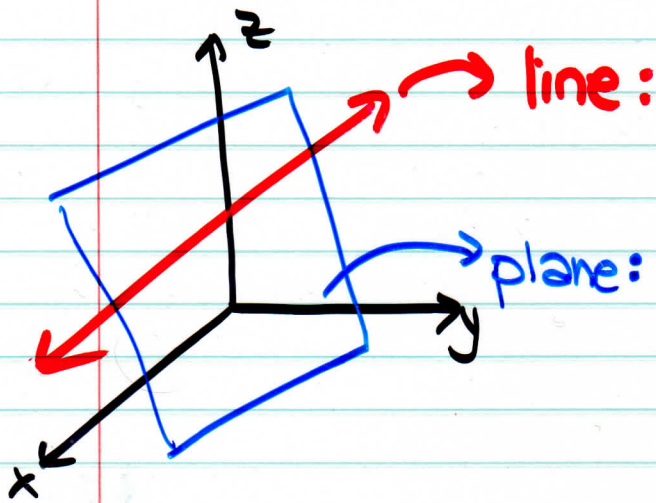
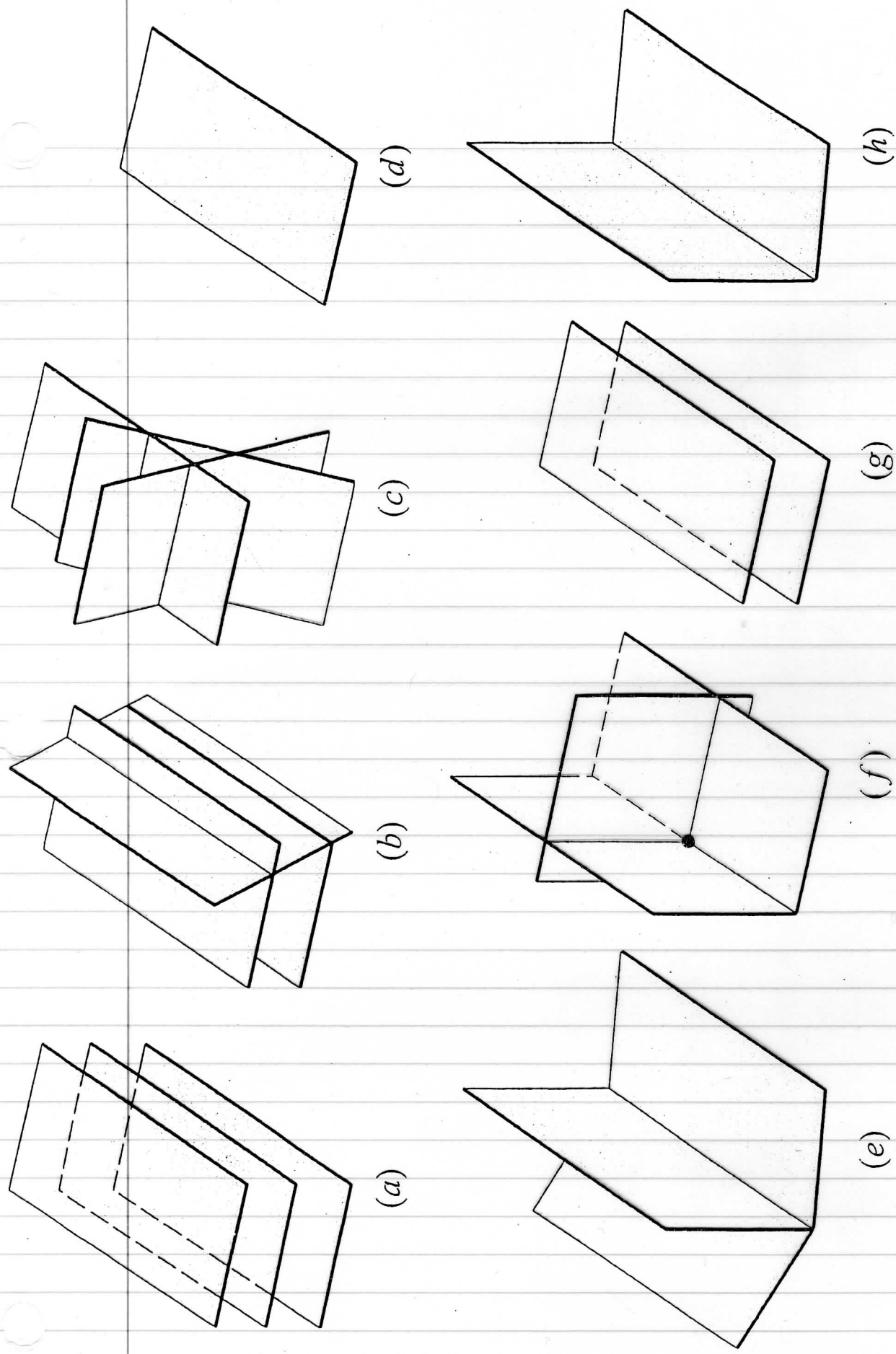


## Section 3.5: Lines & Planes



ex Find an eqn' of the plane passing through the point  $(1, -2, 3)$  &  $\perp \vec{n} = (7, -4, 1)$ .

Thm!: The graph of the eqn'  $ax + by + cz + d = 0$  (where  $a, b, c, d$  not all 0) is the plane with normal vector  $\vec{n} = (a, b, c)$ .



**Figure 3.5.2** (a) No solutions (3 parallel planes). (b) No solutions (2 parallel planes). (c) No solutions (3 planes with no common intersection). (d) Infinitely many solutions (3 coincident planes). (e) Infinitely many solutions (3 planes intersecting in a line). (f) One solution (3 planes intersecting at a point). (g) No solutions (2 coincident planes parallel to a third plane). (h) Infinitely many solutions (2 coincident planes intersecting a third plane).

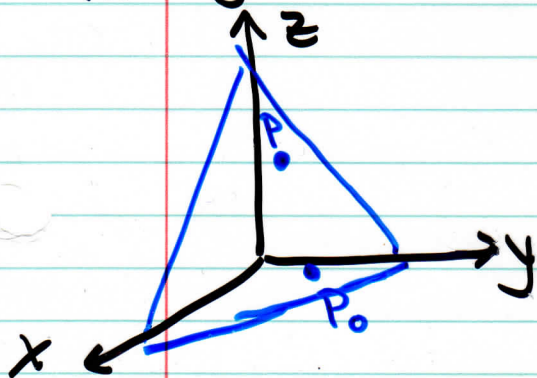
Just as the solution of a system of linear eqn's  
 $ax+by=k_1$ , has soln's that correspond to  
 $cx+dy=k_2$  the intersection of the lines...

$$\begin{aligned}ax+by+cz &= k_1 \\ dx+ey+fz &= k_2 \\ gx+hy+iz &= k_3\end{aligned}$$

Corresponds to the  
intersection of...

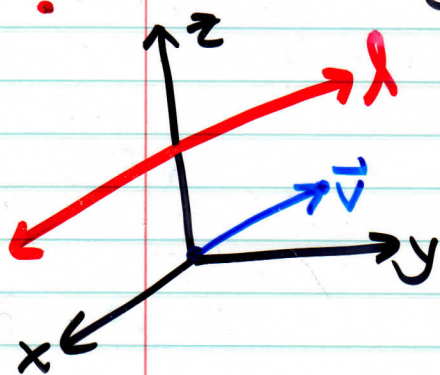
ex// Find the eqn' of the plane through the points  
 $P_1(1, 2, -1)$ ,  $P_2(2, 3, 1)$ , &  $P_3(3, -1, 2)$

We can write the P.N. form of a plane  
nicely in terms of vectors!



ex// Find the vector eqn' of the plane that passes through the point  $(6, 3, -4)$  & is  $\perp \vec{n} = (-1, 2, 5)$ .

? How do we get the eqn' for a line in 3-space?



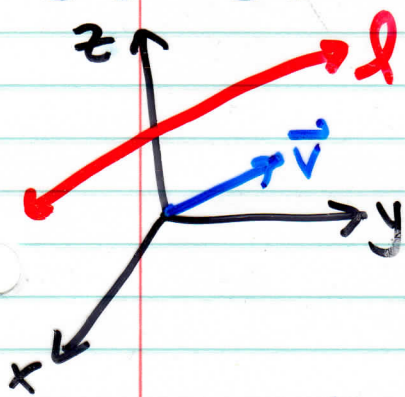
ex// a) Find parametric eqn's for the line  $l$  passing through  $P_1 (2, 4, -1)$  &  $P_2 (5, 0, 7)$ .

b) where does the line intersect the x-y plane?

ex// Find parametric eqn's for the line of intersection of the planes

$$3x + 2y - 4z - 6 = 0 \text{ \& } x - 3y - 2z - 4 = 0.$$

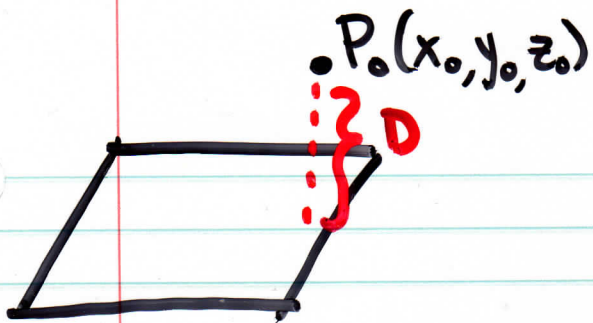
We can also write a line in terms of vector eqns!



ex// What is the vector form eqn' for the line through  $(1, -2, 7)$  & parallel to the vector  $\vec{v} = (4, 0, -3)$ !

There are 2 major "distance problems" in 3-space:

- a) Find the distance between a point & a plane.
- b) Find the distance between two parallel planes.



⇒ The distance b/w a point  $P_0(x_0, y_0, z_0)$  & the plane  $ax+by+cz+d=0$  :

ex// What is the distance between the point  $(4, 2, -1)$  & the plane  $3x - y + 5z = -4$ ?

ex// a) Verify that the planes  $x+2y-2z=3$  &  $2x+4y-4z=7$  are parallel.

b) What is the distance between the planes?